

### Art and Design Progression of Knowledge

### **National Curriculum**

### **EYFS Framework**

### **Expressive Arts and Design**

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

## Pupils should be taught in KS1:

- To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products.
- To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination
- To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.
- Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work

## Pupils should be taught in KS2:

- To develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils should be taught:
- To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]
- Learn about great artists, architects and designers in history.

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Media and	Safely use and	In pencil, draw	In sculpture,	Create	Create	Capture artistic	Capture artistic
materials	explore a variety	lines of different	create and	sketchbooks to	sketchbooks to	process in sketch	process in sketch
	of materials,	length and	combine shapes	record and	record and	book	book
	tools and	thickness	to make	revisit	revisit		
	technique		recognisable	observations	observations	In drawing, use a	In drawing, use a
		In painting, mix	shapes			range of pencils	wide range of
	Experiment with	colours to make		In painting, use	In drawing, use a	to begin to	pencils to begin
	colour, design,	secondary	In collage, mix	white to make	range of pencils	develop a	to develop a
	texture, form	colours	materials to	tints and black	& techniques to	personal style,	personal style,
	and function		create texture	to make shades	show effect,	drawing on work	drawing on work
		In print, use	eg coiling,		movement,	of other artists	of other artists
	Represent their	repeat or	overlapping and	In painting,	perspective and	for inspiration	for inspiration
	own ideas,	overlapping	montage	create a colour	reflection		
	thoughts and	shapes (using		wheel		In painting, use	In painting,
	feelings through	objects to create	In painting, add		In painting, use	watercolours to	combine
	design and	print)	white to make	In collage	watercolours to	suggest mood	colours, tones
	technology, art,		tints and black	consider the	produce washes		and tints to
	music, dance,	In textiles, join	to make shades	effect of chosen	for backgrounds	In collage, with	enhance mood
	role-play and	materials using		materials and		increasing	
	stories	glue	In painting, mix	technique	In collage, use	confidence,	In collage,
			colours to make		mosaic and	combine visual	combine visual
		In sculpture, use	secondary	In sculpture,	montage	and tactile	and tactile
		techniques such	colours	include texture		qualities	qualities
		as rolling,		that conveys			
		cutting,		feelings,			

		moulding and	In painting, use a	expression or	In textiles, use	In sculpture,	Enhance digital
		carving	variety of thick	movement and	basic cross and	combine visual	media by editing
			and thin brushes	refine use of	back stitch	and tactile	including sound,
		In collage, sort	to produce lines	tools		qualities	video,
		and use a range	and shapes,		In print, use		animation, still
		of materials that	textures and	In print, press,	layers of two or	In print, make	images and
		are cut, torn and	patterns	roll, rub and	more colours	printing blocks	installations
		glued		stamp and		eg from coiled	
			Use range of	recreate print	In digital media,	string on card to	
		In painting, use	pencils to draw	from	use a range of	create repeating	
		thick and thin	lines of different	environment,	tools to create	pattern	
		brushes to	lengths/	e.g. wrapping	images, video		
		produce lines	thickness and	paper etc	and sound	Enhance digital	
		and shapes	show pattern		recordings	media by editing	
			using dots and	In digital media,		including sound,	
			lines	use a range of		video,	
				tools to create		animation, still	
			In textiles,	different lines,		images and	
			weave and join	colours, shapes,		installations	
			materials using	tones and			
			glue or stitch	textures			
			In print, use				
			repeat or				
			overlapping				
			shapes (using				
			objects to create				
			print)				
Skills	Safely use and	Begin to use art	Use and apply	Use and apply	Apply art and	Improve mastery	Master
	explore a variety	and design	art and design	art and design	design	of art/design	art/design
	of materials,	techniques in	techniques in	techniques and	techniques with	techniques with	techniques with
	tools and	using colour,	using colour,	improve their	creativity,	wide range of	wide range of
	technique	patterns,	patterns,	control and use	experimentation	materials	materials
		texture, line,	texture, line,	of materials	and increasing		
		shape, form and	shape, form and		awareness		

	Use what they have learned about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes  Experiment with colour, design, texture, form and function	space with range of materials	space with range of materials				
	Represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role-play and stories						
Significant artists		Talk about the work of an artist, craft maker or designer  Discuss their own and others' work	Know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers  Describe differences and similarities and make links to own work	Evaluate work of some artists and analyse creative works  Know about great artists, architects and designers and how their art / design reflected	Draw on work of other artists for inspiration and begin to emulate their style  Know about great artists, architects and designers and how their art / design reflected	Understand how great artists, architects and designers contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation  Communicate ideas and	Over the course of history, understand how great artists, architects and designers contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation

	_			and shaped our	and shaped our	comment on	Communicate
				history	history and	artworks using	ideas and
					contributed to	artistic language	comment on
					the culture of		artworks using
					our nation		artistic language
Vocabulary		Begin to develop	Use correct	Use range of	Use range of	Use range of	Use wide range
		artistic	artistic	artistic	artistic	artistic	of artistic
		vocabulary eg	vocabulary eg	vocabulary to	vocabulary to	vocabulary to	vocabulary to
		primary /	tone, tint,	discuss and	discuss and	communicate	evaluate own
		secondary	pattern, texture	evaluate work	evaluate work	ideas, discuss	work and
		colour, line,		eg observe,	eg reflection,	and evaluate	communicate
		light, dark		perspective,	contemporary,	work/other	ideas / comment
				technique,	convey	artworks eg	on artworks eg
				palette		tactile,	atmosphere,
						influence,	symbolise,
						captivate,	mastery,
						emulate	evocative

# Topics Overview

		Years 1 & 2	Years 3 & 4	Years 5 & 6
Cycle A	This is us	Science- I'm a Survivor History- The lady with the	History – Tomb raider Geography – mountains and rivers	History – Great Greece Geography – Mighty Mayans
2022-	Let's celebrate	lamp	Science – light and dark	Science – Space
2023	Baa Quack Moo	Geography- Arctic adventures History- Life long ago	Science – healthy me Geography – stars and stripes	History – Bletchley park Geography- across the ocean
	Overground/ Underground	History-Castles Geography- In the Jungle	History – Divide and conquer	Geography – Exciting explorers

Cycle	To the rescue	Science-Marvellous Minibeasts	History – Rotten Romans	History – Titanic
В		History- The great fire of	Geography – Volcanos	Geography – Rainforests
2023 -	Oh I do like to be beside	London	History – Heads will roll	History – Vile Victorians
2024	the seaside	History- Transport through	Geography – It's a wonderful world	History – Shakespeare's sagas
		time	History – From stone age to iron age	Geography – Where land meets the
		Science-Growing up	Geography – my MK	sea
		Geography- Sink or swim		Science – Fitness or football
		Geography- Waste not want		
		not		

## Autumn 1

EYFS	Years, 1 & 2		Years 3 & 4		Years 5 & 6
Cycle     A     2024-     2025	I'm a Survivor - Printing L.I. To be able to recreate an image using natural objects. L.I. To be able to create an image using dots and lines of different thickness and length.  (Practice creating patterns using a variety of pencil thicknesses and lengths- moving on to recreating an image from nature using this knowledge.) L.I. To be able to use and apply the techniques of Andy Goldsworthy, using a variety of form, shape and space.  (photographs of nature) L.I. To be able to use the techniques of Walter Mason, recreating patterns in nature. L.I. To be able to use natural objects to create a print block.	Cycle A	No Art Planned	Cycle A	Great Greece – Sculptures (Greek vases and buildings including architects) L.I. To be able to understand how ancient Greek architects have influenced the culture, creativity and wealth of the modern world. https://www.antiquities.co.uk/blog/i magery-symbolism/how-ancient-art- influenced-modern-art/ L.I. To be able to recreate ancient Greek architecture using pencil techniques. (Lesson 1 -Use a variety of pencils to create shades and tones. Lesson 2- look at columns at Temple of Parthenon for design ideas) L.I. To be able to use tools and techniques to carve ancient

(Use leaves/natural objects to create a clay mould print for use in the final piece)

L.I. To be able to print using a repeated image.

(Polystyrene tiles)

### **Key Knowledge:**

Know that we can use a variety of pencils to create thick or thin lines.

Know how to use nature to create images.
Know that there are patterns in nature.
Know that Andy Goldsworthy created art using dry-stone construction, using symmetry and weight to balance the stones.

Know that Walter Mason used natural objects to create art.

Know how to use natural objects to create a print.

Know how to use clay to create a printed image.

Know how to cut a shape into a polystyrene tile to create a print.

Know that we can use print to create repeated patterns in art.

### Vocabulary:

tone, tint, pattern, texture primary / secondary colour, line, light, dark, patterns, nature, technique, repeated, arranged, print, mould, carve. Greek patterns into clay columns.



L.I. To be able to recreate Greek images using a variety of pencil lines and patterns.



(Cut out template of a vase on card, including Greek image/patterns)

### **Key Knowledge:**

Know how architecture intertwined with Greek art, mainly through their use of three types of columns, the Doric, Ionic and Corinthian.

Know how ancient Greek architecture influenced the world's modern art.

Know that Ancient Greek art survived on pottery and ceramics.

Know that we can tell from the intricate detail and quality of work that the Greeks were very talented painters.

						Know how to use a variety of clay
						tools to create lines and patterns.  Vocabulary:
						Doric, Ionic, and Corinthian columns.
						Architecture, intricate, pottery, ceramic, loop tools, scraping, texture,
						ribbings, rake tools, wood tools, temple Parthenon.
Cycle	This is Us- Develops storylines	No Art Planned	Cycle	No Art planned	Cycle	No Art Planned
2	in their pretend play – role play		В		В	
2023 –	and small world play.					
2024	Explore, use and refine a variety					
В	of artistic effects to express					
	their ideas and feelings.					
	Return to and build on their					
	previous learning, refining ideas					
	and developing their ability to					
	represent them.					
	sing in a group or on their own,					
	increasingly matching the pitch					
	and following the melody					

## Autumn 2

	EYFS	Years, 1 & 2	Years 3 & 4		Years 5 & 6	
Cycle		No Art Planned	Cycle	Mountains and Rivers	Cycle	No Art Planned
Α			Α	(Famous artists painting rivers	Α	
2024-				Monet)		
2025				L.I. To be able to create sketchbooks		
				to record and revisit observations.		

				L.I. To be able to use watercolours to produce washes for backgrounds. L.I. To be able to evaluate work of some artists and analyse creative work. L.I. To be able to use white to make tints and black to make shades. L.I. To be able to draw on work of other artists for inspiration and begin to emulate their style.  (Monet)  Key Knowledge:  Know the different artists who painted rivers. Know how to use the techniques used by a variety of different artists who painted rivers. Know how to use the techniques of other artists, keeping their observations/sketches in a sketchbook to refer back to when deciding on a technique to use in their own pieces of art. Know how to use water colours to create a wash for a background. Know how to discuss an artist's work, comparing and contrasting with their own. Know how to use black to make shade and white to create tints, using these in their own final piece of artwork.  Vocabulary: Wash, emulate, inspiration, shade, tint, observation, compare, contrast.		
Cycle B 2023 – 2024	Let's Celebrate Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Listen attentively, move to and talk about music,	Panic on Pudding Lane (Compare and contrast famous artists.) L.I. To be able to talk about the work of an artist saying our likes and dislikes. (Lieve Vershuier) L.I. To know how to use white to create tints and black to create shades. (Cezanne-green apples)	Cycle B	Volcanoes (Andy Warhol) L.I. To be able to evaluate the work of a great artist. (research Warhol) L.I. To be able to draw on the work of an artist for inspiration and begin to emulate their style.	Cycle B	Rainforests (Oenoe Hammersley – Rainforest and Wildlife Paintings, Printing/ Repeated Patterns.) L.I. To be able to communicate the impact and influence Oenoe Hammersley has had on conservation through her artwork.

expressing their feelings and responses.

Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.

L.I. To know how to mix colours to make secondary colours. (Piet Mondrian and paint background)
L.I. To be able to compare and contrast the work of a famous artist.

L.I. To know how to use and apply art and design techniques when using colour, patterns, texture, line, shape, form and space with range of materials. (End product 2 lessons – David Best burning sculpture- use strips of black card/paper, match sticks overlapping an image of a fire)

### Key Knowledge:

Know how to talk about and discuss the work of Lieve Vershuier.

Know how to create a tint.

Know how to create shade.

Know how Cezanne used tints and shades in his art.

Know how to mix primary colours to create secondary colours.

Know how Piet Mondrian mixed primary colours to create his own shades of secondary colours.

Know how David Best used a variety of materials to create a 3Dimensional image of the fire of London.

Know how to use a variety of materials to create a 3D image of the fire of London.

#### Vocabulary:

Technique, tint, shade, dark, light, artist, discuss, mix, secondary, primary, colour, line, texture, dimensions, 3D, shape, form.

(Look at images of volcanoes erupting and do line drawings (plan our own layout)

L.I. To be able to use and apply art and design techniques and improve control and use of materials. (do observations of rocks through a viewfinder to get the idea of the surface lines he uses (mark making/observational drawing from experience)

L.I. To be able to combine a variety of media to create a mosaic collage effect.

(collage the background colours)
L.I To be able to press, roll, rub and stamp to recreate a print. Use layers of two or more colours when printing an image.

(monoprint, rather than screen print the volcano/surrounding rocks) L.I. To be able to use a range of pencils and techniques to show

(Add the line detail (as observational studies) with a pen...)

### **Key Knowledge:**

effect.

Know about great artists, architects and designers and how their art / design reflected and shaped our history and contributed to the culture of our nation. In collage, consider the effect of chosen materials and technique.

Know how to use and apply art and design techniques and improve their control and use of materials.

(Research lesson on the artist. Look at her work on conservation.)

L.I. To be able to communicate ideas and comment on the work of *Oenoe Hammersley* using artistic language.

L.I. To be able to draw, using a range of pencils, drawing on the work of the artist Oenoe Hammersley.

L.I. To be able to combine colours, tones and tints to enhance mood using watercolours.

L.I. To know how to recreate patterns in nature. (oil paints)

L.I. To be able to use oil paints to recreate a piece of artwork. (End product)

### Key Knowledge:

Know that Oenone Hammersley is a successful contemporary artist. She has been exhibiting since 1980. Her abstract and semi-abstract paintings in oil and mixed media on canvas focus on our natural resources in particular water and trees.

Know that sketching graphite Pencils come in a range of grades that describe the tone of the line that each pencil will produce. The H stands for hard and the B for black.

Know that watercolour is a mix of pigment and gum Arabic and are usually transparent.

and gum Arabic and are usually transparent. Watercolour is an excellent medium to show a range of textures.

### Vocabulary:

Conservation, abstract, graphite, gradients. Medium, mixed media

	Know how to apply art and design techniques with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness. In print, use layers of two or more colours. Vocabulary:	
	Movement, influence/d, style, line, shape, foreground, background, pattern, observe Media, layer, negative, imprint, impression Positive.	

# Spring 1

	EYFS,	EYFS, Years 1 & 2 Years 3 & 4		Years 3 & 4	Years 5 & 6	
Cycle A 2024 - 2025		Arctic Adventures – Arctic Collage L.I. To be able to talk about and discuss similarities and differences between famous artists. (Look at a selection of landscape collage artists; Deborah Shapiro and arctic landscape artists; David Mceown, to compare) L.I. To be able to experiment with different tones when using water colours. (Colour mixing to create tones for their background in the next lesson) L.I. To be able to apply my knowledge of tone (colour mixing) when painting a background. (Create a background painting to add collage to later on. Use colour mixing techniques from previous	Cycle A	No Art planned	Cycle	Space – Peter Thorpe (drawing with a range of materials) L.I. To be able to evaluate and communicate opinions on the artwork of Peter Thorpe using artistic vocabulary.  https://rocketpaintings.com/?section=about L.I. To be able to shade pastels to create an abstract space themed foreground using geometric shapes.  (2 lessons- Emulate Peter Thorpe/Kandinsky's work- practice shading/merging pastels in sketchbooks using overlapping 2d shapes and then create the foreground shading pastels) L.I. To be able to use a variety of pencil techniques to create

### lesson)

# https://www.youtube.com/watch?v =KPnim6sjyGo

L.I. To be able to create texture by using and applying collage techniques.

(Use a variety of coloured paper/images from magazine with arctic tones, and images of arctic animals to glue on)

L.I. To be able to sort and mix a variety of materials to create texture for the middle ground of a collage.

(eg coiling, overlapping and montage, cut and tear different fabrics/materials)

### Key Knowledge:

Know the work of famous collage and landscape artists.

Know how to compare and contrast artists' work with their own.

Know what a background, middle ground and foreground is in collage.

Know how to create a background, middle ground and foreground.

Know how to mix colours to create a range of tones.

Know how to mix collage materials to create texture.

#### Vocabulary:

Foreground, Middle ground, Background, layer, Atmospheric, Tone, Texture, Lighter, Darker, Scene, Overlap, Collage.

# shades. (Sketchbook work for use in the next lesson)



L.I. To be able to create shades by mixing poster paint.

(Use thick, wide paintbrush strokes like Peter Thorpe's foreground images. Use of cross-hatching technique with paint)

L.I. To be able to use a variety of materials to create a collage effect.

(Final piece – add in the rocket using material pieces/images cut out etc)

#### Key Knowledge:

Know what abstract art is and how Peter Thorpe used it in his 'fine art' paintings. Know how to create a piece of abstract art using overlapping 2d shapes.

Know how to use the vocabulary; contrast, tone, texture, horizon, perspective, blend, cross hatch, shading, composition, light, dark, shadow, outline, reflection, vanishing point, sketch to describe and discuss Peter Thorpes' art work.

Know how to use a variety of pencil techniques to create texture and shading; scumbling, blending, hatching, cross - hatching, graduated shading, stippling.

### Vocabulary:

Abstract art, foreground, feature (contrast, tone, texture, horizon,

					perspective, blend, cross hatch, shading, composition, light, dark, shadow, outline, reflection, vanishing point, sketch) inspiration, technique, opinion, atmosphere, symbolise, mastery, evocative, tactile, influence, captivate, emulate, stippling.
Cycle B 2023 - 2024	No Art planned	Cycle	No Art planned	Cycle	Vile Victorians - William Morris (Culture, Colour Mixing) L.I. To understand how William Morris contributed to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation. (Arts and crafts movement) L.I. To be able to recreate artistic techniques used by William Morris' work. (taught over 2 lessons - find images from nature to use — carousel of activities; repeated patterns using natural images, botanical motifs used again by turning, rotating, reflecting and repeating, use of symmetry) L.I. To know how to use a range of pencils to create shade and tones. (Select images from nature to draw using pencils — see PPT) L.I. To be able to use tools and techniques of William Morris to create a block image. L.I. To be able to create repeated patterns using a block image. (use acrylic paints, coiled string on card/carving into polystyrene) Key Knowledge:

		Know what the arts and crafts movement
		was and how it influenced the
		reintegration of decorative arts back into
		society.
		Know how William Morris influenced
		other artists to get behind the movement.
		Know how nature influenced William
		Morris' work.
		Know how to emulate the works and style
		of William Morris.
		Know how to use reflection and rotation
		to create repeating patterns.
		Know how to use pencil shading to create
		shades and tones.
		Know how to use a variety of materials to
		create printing tiles.
		Know how to use acrylic paint effectively.
		Know how to use tools to carve an image
		onto a polystyrene tile.
		Vocabulary:
		Decorative arts, influenced, symmetry,
		shade, tone, texture, carve, acrylic,
		pattern.

# Spring 2

	EYFS	Years, 1 & 2 Years 3 & 4		Years 5 & 6		
Cycle		No Art planned	Cycle	Healthy Me	Cycle	No Art Planned
A 2024- 2025			A	(Portraits) L.I. To know how the artist Lucian Freud's portraits shaped our history and contributed to the culture of our nation. L.I. To be able to use technical vocabulary to evaluate and analyse the creative works of a famous	A	

artist. (Lucian Freud, Rembrandt, Da Vinci, Picasso, Van Gogh.) L.I. To be able to use a range of pencils & techniques to show movement, form and effect of a 3d shape. (drawing different shades of a sphere using techniques below, also see folder for original file) L.I. To be able to use a variety of pencil techniques (shading) to create textures and tones when drawing. (Drawing eyes using the techniques taught in previous lesson) L.I. To be able to use a range of tools to create different lines, colours, shapes, tones and textures using digital media. L.I. To be able to apply the techniques of an artist when drawing. (Pencil drawing of a portrait) L.I. To be able to use my knowledge of colour mixing to create tones and shades. (Paint a portrait or sections of a portrait for final piece to display) Key Knowledge:

Cycle B 2023- 2024	Growing Up- Observational drawings and exploring different media.  L.I. To be able to use a variety of thick and thin brushes to produce lines of different lengths and thickness.  L.I. To be able use colour to recreate a piece of art. (Romero Britto – Y1 preprinted image/Y2 copy a chosen image)	Cycle B	Know how to evaluate the work of some artists and analyse creative works.  In painting, know how to create a colour wheel.  In painting, know how to use white to make tints and black to make shades Know how to use photography as a medium for art.  In digital media, know how to use a range of tools to create different lines, colours, shapes, tones and textures. Know how to use a variety of pencil techniques to create shades, tones and textures.  Vocabulary: Portrait, texture, colour, observe, perspective, technique, palette, reflection, contemporary, convey, shading, blending, graduated, scumbling, hatching, cross hatching, stippling.  Seven Wonders of the World (Painting the wonders of the world)  L.I. To be able to evaluate work of some artists and analyse creative works using technical vocabulary. L.I. To be able to use a range of pencils & techniques to show perspective. (2 lessons – technique first in sketchbook and then use Tai	Cycle B	No Art Planned
	·		, ,		

L.I. To be able to use symmetry in art. (butterfly – finger art using bright primary colours, dots etc)



### Final piece

L.I. To be able to use colour, line and symmetry in a final piece of art.



### **Key Knowledge:**

Know how to use different shades of primary colours.

Know how the artist Romero Britto used bright colours to create vibrant ad bold art called 'happy art'.

Know what the 'happy art movement' is and how it inspired Romero Britto's art.

Know what symmetry is and what it looks like in nature.

Know how symmetry is used in art.

#### Vocabulary:

Media, line, shape, form, texture, vibrant, bold, pattern, symmetry, tone, shade, tint.

L.I. To be able to use water colours to create a background wash. (Children select their chosen wonder of the world to create as a final piece)

L.I. To be able to apply my knowledge of shading by using black to make shades and white to make tints.

### **Key Knowledge:**

Know how to draw an image using linear perspective.

Know how to use a range of pencil techniques to create shades, tones and texture.

Know how to create a reflection of an image onto a flat reflective surface.

Understand what a horizon line is and how it is used when drawing images in the distance.

Know how to use water colours to create a wash for a background image.

When painting, know how to use white to create tints and black to create shades.

### Vocabulary:

Perspective, linear, horizon line tints, tones, shade, shading, blending, graduated, scumbling, hatching, cross hatching, stippling.

### Summer 1

EYFS	Years 1 & 2	Years 3 & 4	Years 5 & 6

Cycle	Castles - Paul Klee and John Piper	Cycle	No Art Planned	Cycle	Across the Ocean - Painting
Α	– art of castles (sculpture) clay	Α		Α	Techniques (oceans, printing)
2024-	relief castles.				with a focus on the artist Dan
2025	L.I. To be able to discuss,				Tirels mono printing.
	compare and contrast the artists				L.I. To be able to communicate
	Paul Klee and John Piper.				opinions of the artist Dan Tirel's
	L.I. To be able to use colour and				artwork (mono printing) using
	shape to recreate a piece of art.				artistic language.
	(Paul Klee 'castle and sun' – draw around				L.I. To be able to use the artistic
	2d shapes to recreate the image, use a white oil pastel over the pencil lines, then				technique of monoprint art.
	filling shapes with a limited pallet of oil				(Use the technique of Dan Tirel to
	pastels. To complete, children will be				create a foreground image)
	shown how to paint a water colour wash				(Dan Tirels - monoprint - A Stormy Sea )
	across their picture, learning that oil				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rWj PqMzyUzw
	pastel 'resists' paint wash.) L.I. To be able to use a range of				(Dan Tirels – monoprint – abstract
	pencils to draw shapes using line.				seascape)
	(Draw a castle, including features-				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dc5
	look at paintings by John Piper)				<u>vNdr0ZMg</u>
	L.I. To be able to show pattern				L.I. To be able to use variety of
	and texture by adding dots and				materials (collage) to create a
	lines. (Use original castle				tactile effect.
	drawing, water colour wash, use				(Add in detail of the sea using a
	fine liners to draw in detail)				variety of materials; string, ribbed card, wire to create the sea,
	The inters to draw in detail,				include images of sea creatures
	1				using tissue paper, cut out
	A - 49				magazine images etc.)
	# A A 9 9				L.I. To be able to mix 'cool'
	A minimum A				colours and know how to control
	1.				paint to communicate an idea.
	home home				(Select photographs of waves,
	moranome and and and				describe them, use them as a
					stimulus to create a foreground -
	L.I. To be able to use a selection				create wave patterns-see below)
	of tools to create patterns and				create wave patterns-see below)
	shapes in clay.				

L.I. To be able to carve shapes and texture into clay to create a relief clay sculpture.

(Cut out image, carve into clay, paint using metallic paint – 2 lessons)









### **Key Knowledge:**

Know how to say/explain what they like or dislike about a piece of art.

Know how Paul Klee and John Piper were inspired by castles.

Know the techniques both artists used in their art.

Know how to use a variety of pencils to create thick and thin lines.

Know how shape and colour have been used in art.

Know how to use oil pastels.

Know how to use fine liners to create texture in a drawing.

Know how to use water colours to create a light wash over a pre-drawn image.
Know how to use a range of clay tools to create patterns, texture and shape.







L.I. To be able to use carving tools to create an ocean print.

(Use linoleum or Styrofoam

A4/A5 to carve out an ocean

wave image – The Great Wave off

Kanagawa as inspiration-link to

the story Kensuke's Kingdom)

https://www.youtube.com/shorts/cs
XGQXDG9E

### Key Knowledge:

Know how to use a variety of materials to create a monoprint image of the sea.

Know how Dan Tirel reused debris from the ocean to create monoprint seascapes.

Know how to use a variety of materials to create a tactile effect.

Know how to mix poster paints to create 'cool' colours for a wave image.

Know how to use long brush strokes to create wave movement in an image.
Know how to carve a linoleum or
Styrofoam image to create a printing tile,

which can be reused again and again, unlike the monoprint seen used by the artist Dan Tirel.

Vocabulary:

	Vocabulary: Sculpture, clay, relief sculpture, tile, wash, pattern, texture, shape, form, compare, contrast, oil pastel, pallet, wash, carve, metallic,				Foreground, monoprint, abstract, tactile, collage, debris, Styrofoam, craft, carve, inspiration, print, linoleum, pressure.
Cycle	Sink or Swim - David Hockney -	Cycle	Stone Age to Iron Age	Cycle	Where Land meets the Sea
B	representing collage.	В	Cave Paintings/natural paints.	В	Digital media – creating the
2023- 2024	(Link with Geography)		L.I. To be able to use a range of artistic		water cycle.
2024	L.I. To be able to identify and		vocabulary to discuss and evaluate		L.I. To understand what digital
	discuss the techniques used by		Stone Age cave paintings.		media is and how it can be
	David Hockney. L.I. To understand how		L.I. To be able to apply art and design		enhanced by using sound, video, animation and installations.
			techniques with creativity,		(Download Stop motion Studio
	photography is used as a medium in art.		experimentation and increasing awareness.		app onto the ipads or I can
	(Take and use photographs of the		(Blowing paint over a solid shape to		animate app)
	local area for use in the final		create an outline)		(Stop motion video example)
	piece)		oreate an oatime)		https://www.youtube.com/watch
	L.I. To be able to overlap different				?v=q5wqXmOqcMY
	images to create a collage effect.		The second second		L.I. To be able to use a variety of
	(Link to David Hockney)				materials to create each stage of
	L.I. To be able to use images of				the water cycle process.
	the local area to create a				(2 lessons - Draw what happens
	montage or collage.		L.I. To be able to use the techniques of		at each stage on separate pieces
	(Use a composite of the images		stone Age cave paintings, emulating		of paper-use materials to create a
	taken by the children of the local		the style.		collage/textured effect e.g. cotton
	area)		(Using natural materials to create		wool, crepe paper, playdough,
	L.I. To be able to discuss the		paints (berries/mud/charcoal etc)		sand for the land.
	similarities and differences		L.I. To know how <b>Iron Age</b> art shaped		https://zanelf.wordpress.com/
	between an artist's piece of art		our history and contributed to the		'My stop motion movie' of the
	and our own.		culture of our nation.		water cycle.)
	<b>Key Knowledge:</b> Know the techniques of David Hockney		https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articl		L.I. To be able to use digital media
	(photography/ overlapping images in a		es/zvhy3j6#z934kty		to create stop-motion animations
	collage effect).		L.I. To be able to use tools and		of the water cycle.
	Know how to take images and create a		techniques in an Iron Age design.		L.I. To know how to enhance
	collage or montage by overlapping images.				digital media by including sound.

Know what a montage is and how it can be used in art to create a new image. Know what a medium is in art. Know how to say what is similar or different in two pieces of artwork from the same artist, using this knowledge to compare with their own artwork created. Vocabulary: Montage, overlapping, photography,	(Design a typical image used by Iron Age people for a piece of jewellery/coin etc) L.I. To be able to use tools and techniques to mould and sculpt a piece of art from the Iron Age. (Finish off final piece using metallic	Key Knowledge:  Know what digital media is and how it can be used to enhance a piece of digital art.  Know how to use a video camera to create a stop motion image of the water cycle.  Know how to use a variety of materials to enhance animation.
different in two pieces of artwork from the same artist, using this knowledge to compare with their own artwork created.  Vocabulary:	L.I. To be able to use tools and techniques to mould and sculpt a piece of art from the Iron Age.	art. Know how to use a video camera to create a stop motion image of the water cycle. Know how to use a variety of materials to

## Summer 2

	EYFS	Years, 1 & 2	Years 3 & 4		Years 5 & 6	
Cycle	ELG- Creating with	No Art Planned	Cycle	Divide and conquer	Cycle	No Art Planned
Α	materials.		Α	Viking Long boat – mixed media –	Α	
2023-	Safely use and explore a			water colours/pastels.		
2025	variety of materials, tools			L.I. To be able to use a range of digital		
	and techniques,			media tools to create an image.		
	experimenting with			(Prow carving of an animal for the		
	colour, design, texture,			front of the boat).		
	form and function.			monto the boat,		

Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.

Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

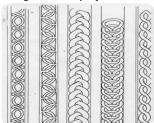
EYFS — Physical development

ELG Fine motor

Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery.

L.I. To be able to draw on the work of Viking artistry and begin to emulate this style.

(Research Viking art and recreate using a variety of materials/string.)



L.I. To be able to experiment and record, with increasing accuracy, blending colours using pastels. (Experiment with blending pastels for a background-record in sketchbooks) <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?ap">https://www.youtube.com/watch?ap</a> p=desktop&v=wv7BSK6uatk

- L.I. To be able to use the blending pastels technique for a background. (Create a background e.g. a sunset for the longboat image blending colours with a finger or a blending stump earbud)
- L.I. To know how to use mixed media in art

(Draw/cut out and paint the longboat design image on top of the pastels background, including the Viking art – 3d image using string)

### **Key Knowledge:**

Know that Vikings used animals at the head of the longboat (prow).

Know how to use digital media to recreate images of a prow.

				Know how to blend pastels effectively.		
				Know how to use a variety of materials to		
				recreate artwork by the Vikings.		
				Know what type of art Vikings used on their		
				longboats.		
				Know what mixed media is and how it can be		
				used in art to make a 3d effect.		
				Vocabulary:		
				Prow, carving, medium, blending stump, mixed		
				media, emulate.		
Cycle	ELG- Creating with	No Art Planned	Cycle	No Art Planned	Cycle	No Art Planned
В	materials.		В		В	
2023-						
	Safely use and explore a					
2024	variety of materials, tools					
	and techniques,					
	experimenting with					
	colour, design, texture,					
	form and function.					
	Share their creations,					
	explaining the process					
	they have used.					
	Make use of props and					
	materials when role					
	playing characters in					
	narratives and stories.					
	EYFS – Physical					
	development					
	FI C Fin a mast					
	ELG Fine motor					

Use a range of small tools,			
including scissors,			
paintbrushes and cutlery.			